WEEKLY ESTABLISHED 1821. VOL. LI...NO. 303. DAILY ESTABLISHED 1850.

INDIANAPOLIS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 30, 1901.

ward movement at that time Captain Lem-

ly called Admiral Schley's attention to the

ain Lemly then had the witness examine

the log of the Brooklyn for the purpose of

to the westward that day before attempt-

After looking at the log the admiral said

they would to overtake the Yale, which

REASONS FOR LEAVING.

he did not believe the Spanish fleet was

there; second, because Nunez, the pilot,

Admiral Sampson minimized the importance

of this squadron being there, and the fact

ing that Admiral Sampson was at Kay

Francis, in the Bahama channel to the

north, it occurred to me that if the Span-

ish squadron were extant the proper stra-

tegical movement was to go to the west-

ward, and not the eastward. I was au-

thorized in the same telegram to move as

far west as Cape Cruz, providing coaling

had been found possible there. I did not

go to Cape Cruz within eighty miles, I

and operative motives. I felt that the move

west was strategically the proper one, with

a determination to coal as quickly as pos-

sible, and that the efficiency of my squad-

ron as a unit was only equal to the effi-

ciency of the coal supply of the lowest one

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COL. 4.)

ING IN NEW YORK ON TUESDAY.

Hundreds of Registrations Made with

Intent to Commit Fraud-Arrests

Probably Will Result.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- According to in-

ormation which the Herald will print to-

morrow, Superintendent of Elections John

McCullagh has prepared a letter to be for-

warded to Police Commissioner Murphy,

demanding the co-operation of the police in

preventing illegal voting next Tuesday,

and in bringing about the punishment of

those guilty of an attack upon the integrity

of elections. A copy of the letter will be

sent to Mayor Van Wyck and another copy

illegal registration has been resorted to in

Mr. McCullagh is quoted as saying: "

will make arrests without warrants. The

interfere with us will be made. If any at-

tempt is made there will be trouble and it

of the Republican county committee, to-

to subpoena in the morning the six hun-

dred men who are alleged to be illegally

registered from houses in the Second as-

ATTACKED A BRITISH CAMP IN

FORCE, BUT WERE REPULSED.

Left Forty Dead on the Field, but

Killed and Wounded Eighty-

all of the downtown districts.

will be for the courts to settle.

think. Now, those were the influencing

"Yes, I did, for these reasons: First, be

did not respond to the Brooklyn's signal.

without further action. Am I right?"

ing to coal?"

ooking out for the Spanish fleet?"

They had their general instructions."

DETAILS OF THE KILLING OF PRES-IDENT M'KINLEY'S ASSASSIN.

Seventeen Hundred Volts of Electricity Sent Through the Prisoner's Body Three Times.

PERFORMED

BRAIN FOUND TO BE SLIGHTLY ABOVE NORMAL CONDITIONS.

All Organs in a Healthy State, and Nothing Discovered That Indicated Weak Mentality.

BODY AT ONCE DESTROYED

PLACED IN A GRAVE AND STRONG Little Emotion Shown by Members of ACID POURED OVER IT.

All Clothing and Personal Effects Burned-Brother and Brother-in-Law Not Permitted to See Body.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 29 .- As announced in extra editions of the newspapers (in- a minute or so, a suspicion of a tear was cluding the Journal) this morning, Leon F. Czolgocz, the assassin of President Mc-Kinley, was electrocuted at 7:12:30 o'clock this morning. Just before he was killed he said he was not sorry for his crime, but regretted he could not see his father before he died. "I killed the President," he said, "because he was an enemy of the good people-of the good working people." After at home. The old man said finally that he three contacts of the electric current he was pronounced dead. Aside from the doomed man's brief statement, there were no scenes different from those attending the electrocution of any criminal. Rev. Cordello Herrick, chaplain of the prison, was in the death chamber, ready for any call that might be made for his services. He was not wanted by the prisoner, however, and sat quietly in the rear of the with the elaborately constructed effigy to chamber throughout the execution.

to the execution: "I used 1,700 volts of electricity, turning it into the body at full voltage for seven seconds and then slowly reducing it for forty-five seconds. Then I threw the full voltage on again for eight seconds. Then, at the suggestion of Dr. MacDonald, I turned it on again for a few seconds. I did not think there was any necessity for the third contact, and the lack of resistance shown when it was administered proved that life was extinct. The body showed eight amperes of resistance. That is a little more than would be given by a larger or stouter man, where the current could have more chance to percolate. It was as successful an execution as I ever operated at in all my experi-

ence. When the body of Czolgocz had been removed from the room where he was killed to the autopsy table Auburn prison returned to the routine of its ordinary life. The prisoners, who had been kept locked in their cells, were released at 7:45 o'clock and prison work was resumed at once. There was no excitement among the conviets. Scarcely a hundred people had gathered outside the prison gate to watch the witnesses enter and wait until they reappeared. The witnesses dispersed quickly, some of them leaving for their homes as early as 9 o'clock.

THE AUTOPSY. Naturally almost the entire attention of the physicians assigned to hold the autopsy was directed towards discovering if possible whether the assassin was in any way mentally irreponsible. The autopsy was conducted by Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, E. A. Spitzka and Prison Physician Gerin. The top of the head was sawed off through the thickest part of the skull, which was found to be of normal thickness, and it was the unanimous opinion after a microscopical which circulation is shown by the sale of enemy was not in Santiago; second, the slightly above normal. This demonstrated to the satisfaction of the physicians that in no way was Czolgocz's mental condi- even with that support, should stand, as tion, except as it might have been perverted, responsible for the crime. The autopsy was completed shortly before noon. when the surgeons issued the following

brief statement: "The autopsy was made by Mr. Edward A. Spitzka, of New York, under the immediate supervision and direction of Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald, of New York, and Dr. John Gerin, prison physician. The autopsy occupied over three hours and embraced a careful examination of all the bodily organs, including the brain. The examina- repressed by the law relates rather to of counsel for the other side, the signal tion revealed a perfectly healthy state of action and words which nature and pro- books of the New York for May 18 and guns, as thirty-seven gunners and drivers all the organs, including the brain. All priety require to be concealed and supof the physicians who attended the execution were present at the autopsy, and all concurred in the findings of the examiners.' A longer report prepared this afternoon by the surgeons related entirely to the brain and was of a highly technical char- and conscience, but carries no suggestion acter. After scientifically describing to the of the obscene." The utterances, Justice minutest detail the brain of the dead mur- | MacLean says, do not come within the derer, the report continues as follows: "No | meaning of the section of the code under anomalles found. The brain in general is which Most was prosecuted. well developed, sufficiently marked with fissures, and the lobes are in normal pro-

THE BODY DESTROYED. After the autopsy the body was placed in a black-stained pine coffin, every portion of Jeweler Who Drank with Three Men the anatomy being replaced under the supervision of Dr. Gerin and Warden Mead. Shortly afterward it was taken to the prison cemetery and an extraordinary precaution taken to completely destroy it. A few days ago, under the warden's order, an experiment was made to determine the power of quicklime in the destruction of flesh and bone, which was not satisfactory. Warden Mead, who conferred with some of the physicians present, determined, in confunction with Superintendent Collins, that the purpose of the law was the destruction of the body, and that it was necessary to use quicklime for that end. Accordingly, a carboy of acid was obtained and poured upon the body in the coffin after it had been lowered into the grave. Straw was used in the four corners of the grave as the earth was put in to give vent to such gases as might form. It is the belief of the physicians that the body will be entirely disintegrated within twelve hours. During that time, and as long as deemed necessary, a guard will be kept over the unmarked grave. The clothing and personal effects of the assassin were burned, under direction of Warden Mead, shortly after

the execution. Waldek Czolgocz and Waldek Thomas Bandowski, brother and brother-in-law of the assassin, called at the prison at o'clock this afternoon. They sent word into of men whose names are intimately asso-Warden Mead that they wished to see the | ciated with the steel manufacturing indusbody of Leon Czolgocz. The warden told try, made a tour of inspection of the Bay- it was. If I had I would have gone them that the body had been buried for view plant to-day. Mr. Schwab refused to straight for it. According to the informamore than an hour, and that if they wished be interviewed on the proposed new steel tion which came to me. I supposed that if he would send a guard to guide them to the corporation, which, it is said, will have a grave. They answered that they did not capital of \$2,000,000,000 and of which H. C. care to go to the cemetery, but that they Frick is spoken of as president. Mr. was that it had come out as this informs were anxious to arrange for the collection | Schwab and party left after the inspection | tion from the admiral had indicated, but | occupants of the building who were overof the insurance on the life of the dead on a special train, and among other places just where it was, of course, I could not murderer and asked that a certificate of will visit Muncie, Anderson and Elwood, decide.

The insurance about which they talked is upposed to be in a fraternal society to

HE WAS UNTRUTHFUL.

which the murderer belonged.

Czolgocz Said to Have Been an Ananias in a Small Way.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 29.-In his interview with Superintendent Collins last night Czolgocz made another explanation of his visit to Chicago just before he went to Buffalo, but later admitted that he had lied. He said that when he reached Chicago a boy, whom he did not know, approached him at the depot and handed him a packet of money. He said the money was for use on the Buffalo trip, but that he never knew who sent it to him, or the identity of the lad who delivered it. He then explained that most of the meetings of Anarchists that he attended at Cleveland | VOLLEYS were held in saloons designated by an Anarchist newspaper.

Half an hour later, when the superintendent called in the brother and brotherin-law of the prisoner, he brought the subject up again and said: "How about that money you got at Chicago?" "What money," asked the prisoner.

"Why, the money you told me about here, earlier in the evening," said the superin-"Did I tell you that? I have forgotten if did. I did not get any money If I said so it was not true. Another demonstration of the many false-

hoods told by the prisoner was furnished by Waldek Czolgocz. He positively assured Warden Mead that his brother Leon could read and write, in direct contradiction of the oft-repeated claim of the prisoner that he was illiterate.

SEEMINGLY INDIFFERENT.

the Assassin's Family.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 29.-Paul Czolgocz, the father of the assassin, two brothers and several neighbors were in the local eletrocution of President McKinley's slayer was announced. The same seeming indifference that has characterized the members of the family was maintained to the end, and when the statement that Leon Czolgocz ad been put to death was told to the father in Polish his fingers twitched nervously for seen to come into his dark eyes, and he acted as interpreter. The old man's statement was to the effect that inasmuch as it had to be it were better that it is all over. he been asked to go to Auburn he would have done so, but the news from Auburn that he was not wanted, hence he remained would not have been a witness to the killing too much for his parental heart.

Czolgocz Hanged in Effigy. NEW YORK, Oct. 29.-Czolgocz was hanged in effigy at Hempstead, Long island, to-night with elaborate ceremonials amid hisses, cat calls and groans. Moses A. Baldwin, of post No. 44, G. A. R., marched Smith's Hotel, where it was swung up into | mitted. a tree and many pistol shots were fired at Electrician Davis made this statement as it. Rockets, Roman candles and red fire were burned, and under the swinging effigy a fire of tar barrels was started. Then amid the cheers of the thousand or more persons who had gathered the effigy was cut down and allowed to drop into the fire, where it was consumed.

Shoemaker Painted Red.

PLYMOUTH, Wis., Oct. 29 .- Henry Dormier, a shoemaker, about fifty years of age, was handled roughly by a mob tosaid he expressed sympathy for President McKinley's assassin.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT JUS-TICE MACLEAN TO THE RESCUE.

Noted Anarchist Granted a Certificate of Reasonable Doubt in Order to Stay the Sentence.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- Justice MacLean, in the Supreme Court to-day granted a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of John Most, editor of the Freiheit, an Anarchist paper, in order to stay his sentence of twelve months' imprisonment for the publication of an article entitled "Murder vs. Murder." which appeared on the day of President McKinley's assassination. Justice MacLean says the only proof to support the judgment is that Most purloined an article, expressing certain sentibut a single copy, that purchased by the He further says that it may be doubted reasonably whether the judgment, plagiarism is not a criminal offense under shown," says Justice MacLean, "that the defendant's expression of borrowed sentipeace or health, or that his acts were attended with circumstances likely to disturb or endanger the public peace or health." The justice says also the contention that. the publication has openly outraged public decency rests solely upon the language of the article itself, and that the indecency pressed and to public displays, sale and exdecorum of this pilfered screed," says Judge MacLean, "is of another sort." It prates of humanity, immorality and morality, reason

ROBBED OF \$9,000.

and Showed His Money. WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., Oct. 29.-Wiliam Richon, a jeweler, of Chicago, arrived here Monday, accompanied by his wife. Three men giving their names as H. T. Hammond, William Schade and James Pinckley arrived on the same day and stayed at the same hotel, registering from Washington, D. C. Mr. Richon claims he was robbed last night of over \$9,000 and to-day he had the three Washington men arrested on the charge of robbery. Mr. Richon drank with the three men last night and during a discussion all of them showed how much money they had. Schade, one of the Washington men, gave a \$200 bond today for his appearance before the mayor. A sack containing several hundred dollars in silver was found in his possession. The

other two men were committed to jail. MR. SCHWAB'S TOUR.

Indiana Gas Belt Cities to Be Visited by the Steel Magnate.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 29.-Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, accompanied by a party ised them a certificate and they departed. Castle, Pa.

REAR ADMIRAL SCHLEY BOMBARD-ED BY CAPTAIN LEMLY,

Who Spent All Yesterday Trying to Find a Weak Place in the Defense

OF QUERIES FIRED

FROM THE LEGAL BATTERIES OF THE NAVAL JUDGE ADVOCATE,

GREW TESTY ONCE OR TWICE

ing Problem and the So-Called Retrograde Movement.

adjournment to-morrow. After he finishes quite a number of questions prepared by the members of the court will be sub-

The judge advocate in conducting the cross-examination used a carefully prepared typewritten list of questions. They called for comparison of statements Admiral Schley had made, either in his direct testimony, in his communication to the Senate or in his dispatch to Admiral Sampson or the Navy Department; with the testimony of witnesses who have preceded him and the logs and signal books of the other vessels of the fleet. The questions were night and given a coat of red paint. It is not asked in chronological order, but jumped from one subject to another and from one stage of the campaign to an-

Throughout the strain to which the witness naturally was subjected while under examination, the admiral retained his customary composure. Only once or twice did he display impatience or weariness. At one point when asked a question he replied that he had been asked the same question his reply had been then. On another occasion when he was being searchingly interrogated as to his distance from shore at Cienfuegos and as to whether the distances were a matter of record he re- night. Superintendent McCullagh decided sponded rather tartly: "Oh, no. I did not know they ever would become a matter of such great importance, or I should have sembly district alone. plotted them and made a memorandum, as I should of many other things."

LEMLY'S MAIN EFFORTS. The main points to which the cross-examination was directed to-day were the ability of the ships to coal off Cienfuegos. and the reasons for what is known as the "retrograde movement." The latter point was dwelt upon with much emphasis and detail and had not been disposed of fully when the court adjourned. The admiral ments, written by another half a century | gave three reasons for turning back; first, ago, and published it as his own "in a the statement of Captain Sigsbee, who compaper professedly of some circulation, but | manded the scout ship St. Paul, that the police, probably for the purpose of prosecu- opinion of Nunez, the pilot, that the entrance was too narrow and shallow for the Spanish ships to enter, and third, the ambiguity of the department's telegram. by falsifying any fact, or to the public explicit order, a suggestion which he carried out after the sea had abated and the

portance until he put this query.

"Knocked them out." [A stir in court.] "What were your instructions?"

Hampton Roads." "What were your written instructions?" "There were none. I don't consider that the regulations or customs required written instructions. "Is it not the unwritten law at sea in the navy that the vessels in squadron shall follow the flag?

AN EXCEPTION. enemy's ships drop out and follow to attack her. That might be one of the circumstances.

"But the rule is to follow the flag?" "It is."

you think the Spanish squadron was?"

asked Captain Lemly.

from Cienfuegos to Santiago, in regard to "I did not give any special instructions. Referring to the beginning of the west-

fact that he (Admiral Schley) had said in his testimony in chief that he had said as soon as the sea had calmed down he had DETAILS OF A BATTLE AT A NEGRO begun to coal, considering himself better CAMP MEETING GROUND. able to judge than any other officer. Cap-

bringing out the fact that during the day of the 27th the barometer was rising, the breeze dying down and the sea becoming Nine Blacks Killed Outright and a Dozen or More Probably Dy-"Notwithstanding these improved conditions, did you not steam twenty-three miles ing in the Woods.

that according to the memorandum he had steamed eighteen miles. Further, the admiral stated that they had been obliged to TWO WHITE MEN WOUNDED steam three or four knots further than

"In your testimony you say that you did not disobey orders when you started west-ANOTHER MEMBER OF A CONward because you returned to your station STABLE'S POSSE SHOT DEAD.

"Upon the receipt of the instructions, did you not, nevertheless, leave your station?" Church Perforated with Bullets and the Preacher and His Daughter cause Captain Sigsbee, a scout, placed in front of Santiago harbor, informed me that Killed at Their Home.

told me he did not believe the enemy's fleet could enter the harbor; third, the order No. | A LOUISIANA PARISH IN ARMS with the accompanying memorandum,

that the department's telegram, which reached me on May 27, was so ambiguous REIGN OF TERROR THAT ENDED n its terms. It authorized me to coal at WITH FLIGHT OF NEGROES. Gonalves, Hayti, or at Cape Cruz. Gonaives being to the eastward, and believ-

> Bodies of the Colored Victims Thrown Into Holes-No Further Trouble After the Blacks Fled.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29 .- A dispatch to the Picayune from Balltown, La., says: A | thrown from his horse while riding about race war between the blacks and whites, his place at Sands Point, Long island. started at a negro camp meeting at Duncan's Chapel Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. | Cockran was riding a spirited horse and he has left a carnival of blood up the Pearl river valley unequaled in the history of

One white man is dead, another is now dying with a bullet hole through his stomach, and a third white man is badly wound-THERE MUST BE NO ILLEGAL VOTed. Nine negroes were killed in the bloody affray-five men, three women and one small child. A dozen or, perhaps, more negroes escaped to the woods and swamps with wounds that are believed to be certain death in the brush away from care. Many are perforated with lead. The casualties follow:

aged thirty-two years, residence at Varan-CHARLES THOMAS ELLIOTT, white, aged twenty-six, fatally wounded, now dy-

EDWARD THOMPSON, white, aged forty-five, shot through thigh and fleshy portion of leg, Varando. -Dead Negroes .-REV. ALEXANDER CONNOLLY, aged

fifty, pastor Duncan Chapel. MARY DAVIS, aged thirty, his daughter. CREAR LOTT, aged forty-six. JULIA PETERS, his daughter, aged twenty-four. MELLIN PETERS, her child, aged four

may be sent to District Attorney Philbin. Affidavits will accompany the letters. Su-AMY TONY, aged seventy-five years, perintendent McCullagh will call Commismother-in-law of Crear Lott. LEWIS DUNN, aged eighteen years, son sioner Murphy's attention to the fact that of Helen Dunn, living in Poplarville. THOMAS PARKER, aged twenty-four.

KID BEVERLY, aged eighteen years, a

turpentine worker from Georgia. No one is able to estimate the number of wounded negroes who escaped the carnage law gives us the right to do so and it will yesterday, at the same time telling what | be done. This will enrage certain police of | behind the church. They scattered to the icials, but I do not think any attempt to four winds. Some are known to have been shot, but they have not been found. The horses killed was "Old Pap," Colonel After a conference with President Morris, Those at a distance say the firing sounded | the star ring horse, was killed and his man-

like a pitched battle between troops, To the camp meeting negroes had come from 200 miles, all up and down the valley. Elder Stephen Duncan, of New Orleans, for whom the chapel was named, was present. On last Thursday the meeting opened with several hundred negroes encamped around the church, in tents and in rudely

constructed shantles. It was to continue one week. There they ate and slept and neld services in the chapel One day previous to the camp meeting, the negro, Bill Morris, had been burned at the stake near Balltown, for an assault on Mrs. J. J. Ball. Public feeling was at a high pitch. Under those conditions the negroes gathered at Live Oak. There was trouble over a license and Crear Lott's tent became the center of contention. Some to have disbanded and the animals sent to trouble occurred Saturday evening, but no Bridgeport, Conn., to go into winter quarrode up to Lott's tent with a warrant.

Wade Walker, one of the constable's posse, was struck over the head with a Winches- | were smashed into a huge, distorted heap | This morning all the members of the ter, and then the slaughter begun. The of debris, and only two horses escaped Cothrell family were again on the stand. blacks fled from the frail wooden church, for it was no shelter from the rain of bullets. Lott retired into his tent, shooting and fighting. Joe Seal received his death wound. A torrent of lead was sent whizzing through the tent and through the church.

Preacher Connolly was shot while standing in his yard. His daughter fell just inside the house. The other negroes around eight British wagons. The Republicans ap- | Lott's place kept up a steady rain of bul-It was death and blood, and the peared to have paid special attention to the lets. shrieks of the wounded and dying were heard on ever side. Lott's old mother-inlaw, his two daughters and the little boy fell in a heap inside the shelter. Sophie Lott saved her life by concealing herself behind the stove. Then she escaped and the men move was to fire the place, which they did. When the fire forced him from under cover fell in a heap, headforemost on the ground.

him was a close affair. Major Remington Washington parish has never seen such ; quarters at night, only to find that Botha | slaughter. For twenty-four hours it looked like a general uprising to wipe out the nandant Hans Botha and former Landrost | armed men had reached the scene of the battle. They came for miles and miles, Yesterday afternoon the nine negroes who were left in a heap where they had donies is advisable, so that the former | died, were piled into three unmarked of Cape Town, said it was useless to wait | the holes, the women and child another, the tended by Sheriff Simmons and a message ought to show ourselves masters in the was sent to the negroes.

"Do you want any more?" was the query 'No," came the reply This had a quieting effect and peace again reigned. The negroes left the country They carried all the personal effects possiin buggies, and those who could not ride took to the woods afoot. Those who were a little bolder lined the roads, getting out of the community. This afternoon all was ! whites believe there will be no further trou-

The injured are: Elsie King, twelve years er negroes are in jail.

sage of a joint resolution by the Legisla- ers before the first of April next.

aw reports from a St. Paul publishin In opening the case the prosecute aid he could show that the company has eposited \$20,000 in a St. Paul bank subject to Pratt's order when the purchase was actually made. He alleged that Pratt made seven drafts payable to bearer, and delivered \$6,000 to Adams and \$14,000 to Land Commissioner French for use in securing | STATE PRESENTS STRONG EVIDENCE the passage of the measure. The resolution failed of passage by a narrow margin.

C. W. FAIRBANKS IN OHIO.

Reception to the Senior Indiana Senator at Springfield.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 29.-Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, was given a warm reception this evening at the DUNN WAS PALE AND WORRIED Arcade Hotel, under the auspices of the

Columbia Republican Club. Three thousand people grasped the hand of the senator and expressed their pleasure at meeting | LATER WANTED HER TO GO AWAY. him. He was introduced by President John B. Grew, of the club. Mr. Fairbanks came here to visit his mother, who lives with his brother-in-law, Mayor M. L. Milli-

The senator has just returned from a campaign trip through Iowa and Nebraska, and he predicts that both States will give large Republican majorities. He referred with pleasure to the recent Republican victory in Indianapolis. Speaking of the national situation, he said: "Prosperity is the strongest advocate of the party to-day. I dent McKinley stood the party will con- UNION TRACTION LINE BLOCKED tinue to retain the public confidence. The subject of reciprocity is a Republican doctrine, and will receive the utmost consideration by Congress. The indications are that such progress has been made between FAIRMOUNT RESENTS SLOWNESS IN the United States and Great Britain with respect to the abrogation of the Clayton-Buiwer treaty that Congress will be able to take up the subject of an isthmian canal and provide for pushing the work.'

W. BOURKE COCKRAN HURT.

Noted Orator Thrown from Horse and Bruised and Cut.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29,-W. Bourke Cockran was severely injured to-day by being There was no witness to the accident. Mr. was either thrown or the horse stumbled. When found he was unconscious on the ground and was suffering from bruises and a cut on the head, from which there was a considerable flow of blood. He was taken

Dr. William I. Cook, the physician attending Mr. Cockran, said to-night: "Mr. Cockran is resting comfortably. He is badly bruised about the face, but none of his bones is broken. I do not know how he happened to fall from his horse, and did not deem it wise to question him. I do not believe he is seriously injured. I will make JOSEPH SEAL, white, son of Willis Seal, a more careful examination in the morning. Mr. Cockran is resting comfortably and I am sure there need be no alarm about his

"BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST SHOW TRAIN WRECKED.

Over 100 Animals, Including Famous "Old Pap," Crushed to Death-Col. Cody Heartbroken.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 29 .- One hun dred and ten of the ring horses of "Buffalo Bill's" Wild West show were crushed to death in a railroad wreck near Lexington at 3 o'clock this morning. Among the fierce conflict raged for half an hour. | Cody's favorite saddle horse. "Old Eagle," gled body fell on top of one of the wrecked engines. The mules that drew the Dead-

wood coach were also killed. Colonel Cody spent to-day at the scene of the wreck and is heartbroken over the accident was the result of a head-end collision between a fast south-bound freight train and the second section of the show of orders. Several train hands were in-

jured, but no one was killed. Twelve thousand people greeted the "Wild West" show in Charlotte yesterday, and it left at midnight for Danville, Va. of the season. At Danville the show was | eration on her last June, going twenty-five miles an hour, a fast Lott came out and is reported to have south-bound freight train crashed into it. shouted with an oath: "One nigger has Both engines were wrecked. Next to the been burned, but a ---- white man will be engine of the show train there were large stock cars containing the horses, and this is where the slaughter occurred. The cars alive. The scene was sickening. From the mass of the wreckage blood poured in a engagement at Danville was canceled in consequence of the disaster, which marked the close of a very successful tour.

Menagerie Wrecked.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29.-The Forepaugh & Seils circus, which left this city last night, was wrecked one mile this side of Baton Rouge at noon to-day. Four and the other members of the family also wrecked, but none of the cages was torn open and none of the animals allowed to escape. A carload of elephants were turned loose through the wreck, but, after they had wandered about the country a short time, were driven into Baton Rouge and rifle balls went crashing through him. He | corralled. Three men were badly hurt. The wreck was caused by the front section of the circus train running into the rear of a

Four Tramps Reported Dead.

BEMIDJI, Minn., Oct. 29 .- On the Fossunder your instructions, would your fleet | behind. Ten prisoners, Including Com- spread like wildfire and yesterday over 1,000 ton line of the Great Northern to-day seventeen freight cars were ditched at Silkee the first station west of here. They were entirely destroyed. It is reported that four tramps were caught in the wreck and lie industrial and agricultural life of the col- graves, dug near the charred remains of the cars were loaded. It will take two days searching for the little girl at 2 o'clock

PARADES OF MINERS.

"Mitchell Day" Observed Throughout

the Anthracite Field. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.- "Mitchell |

All who could rode on horseback and | the United Mine Workers of America, and in which the mine workers of the anthraquiet. The negroes are cowed and the cite field won a 10 per cent, increase in fixed the bail of each at \$5,000, and both wages and other concessions, was cele- Hendricks and Branam are in jail, being brated to-day. Thousands of miners in the | unable to get sureties. anthracite region paraded. At Wilkesbarre there was a parade in which 15,000 miners marched and which was headed by John Mitchell, the president son, a white man, manager of a large of the union. After the parade there was plantation at Glenflora, was killed by a a mass meeting, at which President Mitch-

and employes. He urged the miners to pe- night. tition Congress to re-enact the Chinese exclusion act, otherwise the whole country LANSING, Mich., Oct. 29 .- A jury was will be overrun with Mongolians, and many cuit Court to-day for the trial of Charles | there to compete with white labor. Mr.

PRICE 2 CENTS EVERYWHERE.

IN THE DUNN CASE.

Marie Sampleson, Dunn's Domestic,

Says She Heard Screams in the

Barn on Afternoon of July 2.

HURRIEDLY AND SECRETLY.

He Also Told Her that Alice Cothrell Had Not Gone Away, but Was in

Wallen, and Was Dead.

BALLASTING THE TRACK.

Farmer Kicked to Death by a Mule-Burglar Shot at Bedford-Nobles-

ville Has a Brisk Fire. Special to the Indianapolis Journal FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 29.-The State

scored heavily this afternoon in the trial f Charles Dunn for the murder of Alice othrell, and if the jury had gained any mpression, as had many of the observers, that the State had a weak case against Dunn, all such impressions disappeared after hearing Estelle Marie Sampleson tell her story. It was heard by a packed courtroom and while minute to a most disgusting degree, it was intensely dramatic at times. After protracted detail of her life from her birth, seventeen years ago, of her mother's death when she was four years old, of her finding a home in the Chicago industrial school and of being employed with different families in this county as a domestic, she told of being engaged by

Dunn at Wallen. On the 2d day of July as she was returning, a little after 1 o'clock, from her next door neighbor's to her own kitchen, she heard screams and rushed out to see where they came from. Mrs. Dunn had heard them, too, and had jumped out of her invalid bed. Marie said she looked toward the barn and saw Dunn leaning against the door in the barn. Only a short time before she had seen little Alice Cothrell pass out of Dunn's house and go in that direction. Dunn soon came into the house and she told the jury this afternoon that he looked pale and worried. She asked him what was the matter. He said he had come near having a sunstroke. He ate very little dinner and sat around awhile in a dejected attitude. On the 4th of July Dunn talked with her confidentially and told her that

Alice was not out of Wallen but was in town and was dead. Witness said Dunn then tried to persuade her to go to Toledo to John Ervin, a single man, and he would pay her way and provide her with clothes, but she must go right away. Dunn offered to tell her something if she would not tell Del Reed, the hired man, but she would not promise, and asked why she should not tell him, He said: "Because Del would squeal on me." Witness also said that on the 3d of July,

when Mrs. Dunn remarked that she believed Alice was in the cistern. Dunn said: "Shut your d-d mouth, or I will knock Witness said the testimony she gave be-

fore the coroner, saying the screams she heard were made by some children at play, was false and was made under Dunn's instructions. She acknowledged that she will become a mother next month, and admitted relations with Dunn and others. She said where it was to have made its last stand | Dunn had tried to commit a criminal op-

Her cross-examination, not yet finished, bloodshed. It came up again Sunday after- ters. The show left here in three sections was extremely severe, and led to a confesnoon, when Constanble Boon and a posse | Near Lexington, as the second section was | sion that she had been discharged from thievery and for associating with lewd company. She stood the examination fairly

> They were recalled to deny several statestream that ran alongside the railroad ments witness had said Dunn made to track in a small rivulet. Colonel Cody's them. Dunn said that Mrs. Cothrell was at his house looking for Alice on the noon of the day she disappeared, and that he told her to search everywhere for her. Mrs. Cothrell denied any such conversation, and even denied seeing Dunn. Dunn told his cook that Mrs. Cothrell had told him she had whipped Alice that morning, and that he believed it had caused her to run away. Mrs. Cothrell cars loaded with animal cages were badly denied this and other statements which had been attributed to them by Dunn in

> > his alleged efforts to stop the search for Then Dr. McBeth, city health commissioner, who was at the post-mortem examination, was called. He testified to the same conditions existing in the body as did Dr. W. W. Barnett. He gave it as his opinion that the child had been choked to death and that she had not been drowned. She must have been dead before entering

the water. Dr. McBeth's testimony occupied almost all the morning, the larger part of it touching on the evidence of criminal assault on the child. This testimony was conducted in a low voice, so that the large crowd outside the railing could not hear it. Dr. Barnett was recalled and testified that the clothing of the little girl had been torn. Louis Weitzell, a buried beneath the tons of flax, with which neighbor, said that Dunn told him he was on the afternoon of July 2. This was several hours before any one else knew that the child was missing.

Two Men Arrested for Shooting.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Oct. 29.-Excitement was caused this afternoon by the day," named in honor of the president of arrest of John Hendricks and John charged with attempting to kill John Cole, which marks the first anniversary of the the farmer who was shot in the back a ending of the great coal strike last fall, few weeks ago while going home from town. Cole made a statement in which he said that both were guilty. Judge Martin

Long Session of the Mattex Jury.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 29.-The jury in the trial of Alonzo Mattex for the murdred men are hunting for Hicks. Six oth- was in favor of voluntary arbitration in the | der of "Ted" Britton, which retired at 3 settlement of disputes between employer | o'clock this afternoon, was still out at mid-

Meyer Bound Over to Court.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 29.-William come by the smoke were rescued by fire- H. Pratt, indicted with ex-Speaker Adams | Mitchell said he was hopeful that the coal | Meyer, president of the Western Baseball death be given to them. The warden prom- Ind. Localn and Cleveland, O., and New | "Did you give any special instructions all recovered in the open air. Property loss, I ery in connection with the attempted pasof embezzlement. He had his preliminary

of the Popular Officer.

But No Serious Break Made in the Admiral's Armor, Though the Fire Was Concentrated at Times.

WHEN INTERROGATIONS OF A PRE-VIOUS DAY WERE REPEATED.

office of the Associated Press when the Lemly's Questions Mainly on the Coal-

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- The cross-exmade a reply in Polish to a friend, who throughout the session of the court of inquiry to-day. The progress made was exceedingly slow. Practically the whole When told of Leon's regret that he had not | day was consumed in questioning the adseen his father the parent replied that had | miral about the cruise from Cienfuegos to Santiago and the motives and influences was never reassurring, and the father felt that governed him in turning back after his squadron had arrived in the vicinity of the latter port. This latter branch of of his son, for the scene would have been the cross-examination had not been concluded when the court adjourned. The blockade at Santiago, the reconnoissance on May 31 and the battle of July 3 still remain to be covered. It is hardly probable the judge advocate can conclude before

ished. of Admiral Schley to-day Judge Advocate Lemly announced that, with the consent 19 and July 2 and 3, and the Brooklyn's for hibition of evil books or prints. "The in- May 18 and 19 to June 2, inclusive, and July 2 and 3 would be included in the record. He explained that May 18 and 19 were the York left Key West. The judge advocate then asked the admiral a string of questions regarding the trip to Cienfuegos and ons, 530 horses and 8,000 cattle.

events there, but developed nothing of im-"Had Cervera's fleet appeared during the marched on the commander-in-chief's nights you were at Cienfuegos, either comng out or coming in from seaward what,

"To follow the flag-instructions given at

"Yes, except under certain circumstances. "What circumstances?" "Well a vessel might see one of the

The coaling question was taken up again | overcome by smoke in a fire in the Eagle and the admiral's replies were similar to day. The dead are: "When you left Cienfuegos, where did

cated. "I didn't, of course, know exactly where Ryan, suffocated. old, rescued while unconscious from inhaling smoke, slightly injured; -- Otis, it was not at Santiago it was somewhere in the neighborhood, but my impression jumped forty feet from roof, badly bruised;

Three of Their Opponents.

LONDON, Oct. 29.-A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Oct. 28, says he the laws of the United States. "It is not In the course of the cross-examination the has received reports of important fighting admiral said he regarded the department's | Oct. 24 near Great Marico river, when De ment has worked injury to any individual dispatch rather as a suggestion than as an Lary, and Kemp attacked a British force, and were only repulsed after severe fightcoal supply of the ships had been replen- ing, leaving forty dead on the field, including Commandant Omstirheysen. The Brit- while the negroes fled. Before resuming the cross-examination ish lost twenty-eight men killed and had fifty-five wounded. The Boers carried off

> were killed or wounded. Lord Kitchener mentions a number of minor affairs, and says that this week's "bag" consisted of seventy-four Boers did not harm her. They were after Crear day before and the day on which the New | killed, sixteen wounded and 353 made pris- | Lott. He was barricaded and the next oners. In addition forty-five Boers surrendered and the British captured 471 rifles, 75,950 rounds of ammunition, 210 wag- he appeared in the doorway and twenty Commandant General Botha's recent escape from the British columns pursuing | Parker and Beverly, both blacks, fell with

> > had got off with a few hundred yards' start, leaving his hat, revolver and papers | black race in Washington parish. The news Schutte, were captured. The imperial authorities in Natal have some from as far away as Monticello. reached the conclusion that the early repeopling of the Transvaal and Orange Rivonies may be resumed. In the course of a Lott's tenthouse. There was no ceremony, to clear the tracks. speech vesterday at Durban, Lord Milner, The minister and his daughter filled one of until the war was over in a formal sense. | men a third. At the same time prominent It might never be over, he declared, but it | citizens held a conference which was atwas burning itself out, and in time "we

house we have taken by rebuilding it and

VICTIMS OF A FIRE.

Two Persons Suffocated, Three In-

beginning to live in it.

jured and Others Affected by Smoke. CHICAGO, Oct. 29.-Two persons lost their lives, three were injured and a score | ble.

flat building. Lyttle and Taylor streets, to-Hundreds Hunting for Hicks. DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 29.-John MacPher-MRS. D. RYAN, fifty years old, suffo-MRS. ANNA KING, daughter of Mrs. negro named William Hicks. Several hun- ell was the principal speaker. He said he

Legislative Bribery Case.

E. Hegg, jumped from roof, bruised. Other | readily secured in the Ingham County Cir- of them will find their way to the mines. men or members of their own family, and and Land Commissioner French for brib- operators of the anthracite region would-

to your captains while making the passage \$1,500.